Detection of WIMPs

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1 Introduction



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2 Direct Detection of WIMPs



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- 3 WIMPs and colliders



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- 4 Summary

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Counter-examples: axions; dark atoms; primordial black holes; keV neutrinos: not covered in this talk. Note: Proves that LHC does not "recreate conditions of the early universe"!

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$$\implies \Omega_{\chi} h^2 \simeq \frac{0.1 \text{ pb} \cdot c}{\langle \sigma(\chi \chi \to \text{SM}) v \rangle}$$

• Indicates weak-scale $\chi\chi$ annihilation cross section: $\langle \sigma(\chi\chi \to any)v \rangle \simeq 3 \cdot 10^{-26} cm^3 s^{-1}$

WIMPs and Early Universe

 $\Omega_{\chi}h^2$ can be changed a lot in non-standard cosmologies (involving $T \gg T_{\rm BBN}$):

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Determining $\sigma(\chi\chi \to SM)$ allows probe of very early Universe, once χ has been established to be "the" DM particle! e.g. MD, Iminniyaz, Kakizaki, arXiv:0704.1590

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Momentum transfer $\lesssim 100 \text{ MeV} \implies \text{may need to worry}$ about elastic form factors; quite well understood (for spin-indep. scattering)

Recoil Spectrum

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 $f_1(v)$: WIMP velocity distribution. Usually assumed Maxwellian in rest frame of the galaxy, cut off at $v_{\rm esc} \Longrightarrow v_{\rm max}$. Gives roughly exponentially falling spectrum.

Normalized Recoil Spectra



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- Spectrum "backed up" against instrumental threshold Q_{\min}
- Rates of current interest \ll background rate, e.g. from radioactive decay (for most materials) \implies try to discriminate between nuclear recoil (signal) and e/γ induced events (background)!
- Will go through three claimed signals: DAMA(/LIBRA), CoGeNT, CRESST.

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Observe few percent modulation of total rate Compatible with ~ 50 GeV WIMP scattering off I, or ~ 10 GeV WIMP scattering off Na.

DAMA Results



2-6 keV



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- Amplitude of modulation is getting smaller! E.g. in 2–6 keV_{ee} bin (in units of 10^{-3} /kg · day · keV_{ee}): DAMA 1995–2001: 20.0 ± 3.2 LIBRA 2003–2007: 10.7 ± 1.9 LIBRA 2007–2009: 8.5 ± 2.2 Ratio $\frac{\text{LIBRAII}}{\text{DAMA}} = 0.43 \pm 0.13$ More than 4σ away from 1! Results for 2–4, 2–5 keV_{ee} bins similar.

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No convincing non–WIMP interpretation of modulation known.

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September 2011: More data, re–evaluated background \implies size of possible "signal" reduced by \sim factor 5!

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- Modulation "signal" statistically very weak, and way too large

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- n background: 1.5 to 11.4
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No. of α events is correlated with no. of signal events after α subtraction.

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What is negative light yield?

CRESST: Correlation



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- SIMPLE heated droplet detector: Challenges DAMA.

Theory of WIMP–Nucleus Scattering

 $\mathcal{L}_{\text{eff}} = c_N \bar{N} N \bar{\chi} \chi + a_N \bar{N} \gamma_\mu N \bar{\chi} \gamma^\mu \chi + b_N \bar{N} \gamma_\mu \gamma_5 N \bar{\chi} \gamma^\mu \gamma_5 \chi$

- For scalar χ : $\gamma^{\mu} \rightarrow i \partial^{\mu}$ in 2nd term; 3rd term absent
- **•** For Majorana χ : 2nd term absent
- 1st, 2nd term give spin-independent (s.i.) interaction, 3rd term gives spin-dependent (s.d.) interaction.
- "Usual WIMP": <u>same</u> s.i. scattering on p and n!

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- Gauge boson exchange can break isospin: coefficients
 a_p, a_n may differ in sign! $\mathcal{M}(\chi q \rightarrow \chi q)$ is now linear in
 (new) quark charges.

• $|\mathcal{M}(\chi A \to \chi A)|^2 \propto |Za_p + (A - Z)a_n|^2$ \implies need $a_p a_n < 0$ for significant isospin violation: arrange for cancellation in unwanted nuclei (e.g. Xe).

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- Combined analyses: (e.g. Kopp, Schwetz, Zupan, arXiv:1110.2721 [hep-ph]) Still cannot explain all data consistently!

Weisskopf's (?) Theorem

A theory that explains all data must be wrong, since at any given point some data are wrong.
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Competition between null experiments with few (background) events after cuts, and claimed "signals" with large, not always well understood backgrounds!

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- 4 Higgs Searches and Direct DM Detection

Cannot predict missing E_T from $\chi\chi$ production

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- Thermal WIMP: Only know total $\chi\chi \to SM$ cross section; contribution of specific final states $(e^+e^-, u\bar{u} + d\bar{d})$ not known
- $\Omega_{\chi}h^2$ determined from $\sigma(\chi\chi \to SM)$ near threshold $(T_F \simeq m_{\chi}/20 \Longrightarrow s \simeq 4m_{\chi}^2)$. At colliders need ≥ 3 body final state to get signature (e.g. $e^+e^- \to \chi\chi\gamma, \ q\bar{q} \to \chi\chi g$) \Longrightarrow typically need $\sigma(\chi\chi \to SM)$ at $s \sim 6$ to $10m_{\chi}^2$!

"Model-independent" approach

Goodman et al., arXiv:1005.1286 and 1008.1783; Bai, Fox, Harnik, arXiv:1005.3797; Wang, Li, Shao, Zhang, arXiv:1107.2048; Fox, Harnek, Kopp, Tsai, arXiv:1103.0240 Parameterize χ interaction with relevant SM fermion through dim–6 operator; e.g. for hadron colliders:

 $\mathcal{L}_{\text{eff}} = G_{\chi} \bar{\chi} \Gamma_{\chi} \chi \bar{q} \Gamma_{q} q$

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$$\begin{split} \chi \text{ Majorana} & \Longrightarrow \Gamma_{\chi} \in \{1, \gamma_5, \gamma_{\mu} \gamma_5\} \\ \Gamma_q \in \{1, \gamma_5, \gamma_{\mu}, \gamma_{\mu} \gamma_5\} \\ \text{ If } \Gamma_{\chi}, \Gamma_q \in \{1, \gamma_5\} : \ G_{\chi} = m_q / (2M_*^3) \text{ (chirality violating!), else} \\ \Gamma_{\chi} = 1 / (2M_*^2) \text{ Rajamaran, Shepherd, Tait, Wijango, arXiv:1108.1196.} \end{split}$$

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Compute monojet signal from $q\bar{q} \rightarrow \chi \chi g$, compare with monojet limits (current bound) and background (ultimate reach)!

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Altogether: very limited usefulness for most actual WIMP models.

2 DM and Light (Gauge) Bosons

(At least) 3 kinds of WIMP models require light ($m \le$ few GeV) (gauge) bosons U:

• <u>MeV DM</u>: Suggested as explanation of 511 keV line (\Rightarrow slow e^+) excess from central region of our galaxy (Boehm et al., astro-ph/0309686). Should have $m_{\chi} \leq 10$ MeV (γ constraints)

 $\implies m_{\chi} \le m_U \le 200 \text{ MeV to mediate } \chi\chi \to e^+e^-$; fixes $g_{U\chi\chi}g_{Ue^+e^-}/m_U^2!$ (Unless $2m_{\chi} \simeq m_U$.)

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• PAMELA/FermiLAT inspired TeV DM: Needs light boson for Sommerfeld enhancement (e.g. Arkani-Hamed et al., arXiv:0810.0713(4)) ($\chi\chi \rightarrow UU \rightarrow 4l$ is also somewhat less constrained by γ spectrum than $\chi\chi \rightarrow 2l$.)

• DAMA/CoGeNT inspired few GeV DM: Needs light mediator to achieve sufficiently large $\sigma_{\chi p}$. (2 different mediators for isospin violation to evade bounds: Cline, Frey, arXiv:1108.1391)

Light Gauge Bosons (cont'd)

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 $U\chi\chi$ coupling may well be large.

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- Instrumental backgrounds (not from e^+e^- annihilation) seem large

Sensitivity at B-factories (100 fb⁻¹)



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Also, KLOE-2 performed search, mostly for $\phi \rightarrow U\eta$: no signal. arXiv:1107.2531

A1 and APEX results



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- HLS theorem, relation to superstrings: don't single out weak scale.
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- In simplest, *R*-parity invariant scenario: lightest superparticle LSP is stable: satisfies one condition for DM candidate!

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- but DM-allowed regions of parameter space do exist even in constrained models!

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- Note: DM-allowed region of $(m_0, m_{1/2})$ plane of cMSSM depends on $A_0, \tan \beta!$

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- WIMP couplings: Determine cross sections and final states in indirect searches; determine cross sections in direct searches
- Most interesting to me: Predict $\Omega_{\chi}h^2$, compare with observation: Constrain very early universe!

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- Higgs searches can also be used to distinguish between WIMP models and to help determine parameters. E.g. m_h in MSSM constrains stop sector.

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- Higgs sector also very important for WIMP physics!