

## Exercises on Conformal Field Theory

Dr. Hans Jockers, Andreas Gerhardus

<http://www.th.physik.uni-bonn.de/klemm/cftss16/>

–HOME EXERCISES–

**Due on June 10th, 2016**

### H 7.1 Correlation functions of descendant fields

(2 points)

Give a general formula for the correlation function

$$\langle \phi_0^{\{\vec{k}\}\{\vec{\bar{k}}\}}(w, \bar{w}) \phi_1(w_1, \bar{w}_1) \dots \phi_N(w_N, \bar{w}_N) \rangle$$

of one arbitrary descendant field  $\phi_0^{\{\vec{k}\}\{\vec{\bar{k}}\}}(w, \bar{w})$  with a product of primary fields  $\phi_\ell(w_\ell, \bar{w}_\ell)$ ,  $\ell = 1, \dots, N$ , in terms of the primary correlator

$$\langle \phi_0(w, \bar{w}) \phi_1(w_1, \bar{w}_1) \dots \phi_N(w_N, \bar{w}_N) \rangle ,$$

and suitable differential operators.

### H 7.2 Energy momentum tensor as a descendant field

(3 points)

We want to identify the energy momentum tensor a descendant field.

- a) Express the holomorphic energy momentum tensor  $T(z)$  as a descendant field of the identity operator  $\mathbf{1}$ .
- b) Use the expression of the energy momentum tensor as descendant field to argue that  $T(z)$  transforms as a quasi-primary field.  
*Hint: Consider the Virasoro generators for global conformal transformations.*
- c) Use the expression for correlation functions of primaries with a descendant field to rederive the Conformal Ward Identity for primary fields.

### H 7.3 Operator algebra of primary fields

(5 points)

Let us consider the generic form of the operator algebra of two primary fields

$$\phi_k(z, \bar{z})\phi_\ell(0, 0) = \sum_{\text{primaries } s} \sum_{\{\vec{k}\}} \sum_{\{\vec{\bar{k}}\}} C_{k\ell}^{s} \beta_{k\ell}^{s\{\vec{k}\}} \beta_{k\ell}^{s\{\vec{\bar{k}}\}} z^{h_s - h_k - h_\ell + |\vec{k}|} \bar{z}^{\bar{h}_s - \bar{h}_k - \bar{h}_\ell + |\vec{\bar{k}}|} \phi_s^{\{\vec{k}\}\{\vec{\bar{k}}\}}(0, 0) .$$

For simplicity we assume in the following that the primaries  $\phi_k$  and  $\phi_\ell$  have conformal weights  $h_k = h_\ell = h$ .

- a) With the help of the Virasoro algebra evaluate the commutators  $[L_1, L_{-1}^2]$ ,  $[L_2, L_{-1}^2]$ ,  $[L_1, L_{-2}]$ , and  $[L_2, L_{-2}]$ .
- b) In the lecture we determined  $\beta_{k\ell}^{s\{1\}} = \frac{1}{2}$ . Using the results of a), show that the constants  $\beta_{k\ell}^{s\{1,1\}}$  and  $\beta_{k\ell}^{s\{2\}}$  are given by

$$\beta_{k\ell}^{s\{1,1\}} = \frac{c - 12h - 4h_s + ch_s + 8h_s^2}{4(c - 10h_s + 2ch_s + 16h_s^2)}, \quad \beta_{k\ell}^{s\{2\}} = \frac{2h - h_s + 4hh_s + h_s^2}{c - 10h_s + 2ch_s + 16h_s^2},$$

in terms of the conformal weights  $h$  and  $h_s$ , and the central charge  $c$ .