## **Exercises Superstring Theory**

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Hand in: 07.11.2017

Course web page  $\rightarrow$  http://www.th.physik.uni-bonn.de/people/fierro/StringWS1718/

## 1 Poisson brackets for the classical string

Recall from the lecture that the expansion modes for closed strings are given by

$$X_L^{\mu}(\sigma_+) = \frac{1}{2}x^{\mu} + \frac{1}{2}l_s^2 p^{\mu}\sigma_+ + \frac{i}{2}l_s \sum_{n \neq 0} \frac{1}{n}\tilde{\alpha}_n^{\mu} e^{-2in\sigma_+} , \qquad (1)$$

$$X^{\mu}_{R}(\sigma_{-}) = \frac{1}{2}x^{\mu} + \frac{1}{2}l_{s}^{2}p^{\mu}\sigma_{-} + \frac{i}{2}l_{s}\sum_{n\neq 0}\frac{1}{n}\alpha_{n}^{\mu}e^{-2in\sigma_{-}} .$$
<sup>(2)</sup>

The canonical momentum conjugate to  $X^{\mu}$  is given by

$$P^{\mu}(\sigma,\tau) = \frac{\delta S}{\delta \dot{X}_{\mu}} = T \dot{X}^{\mu} , \qquad (3)$$

and the classical Poisson brackets are

$$\{P^{\mu}(\sigma,\tau), P^{\nu}(\sigma',\tau)\} = 0, \quad \{X^{\mu}(\sigma,\tau), X^{\nu}(\sigma',\tau)\} = 0, \quad \{X^{\mu}(\sigma,\tau), P^{\nu}(\sigma',\tau)\} = \eta^{\mu\nu}\delta(\sigma-\sigma') .$$
(4)

Show that the Poisson brackets for the modes are

$$\{\alpha_m^{\mu}, \alpha_n^{\nu}\} = \{\tilde{\alpha}_m^{\mu}, \tilde{\alpha}_n^{\nu}\} = -im\eta^{\mu\nu}\delta_{m+n,0} , \quad \{\alpha_m^{\mu}, \tilde{\alpha}_n^{\nu}\} = 0 , \qquad (5)$$

$$\{x^{\mu}, x^{\nu}\} = \{p^{\mu}, p^{\nu}\} = 0 , \quad \{x^{\mu}, p^{\nu}\} = \eta^{\mu\nu} , \qquad (6)$$

$$\{x^{\mu}, \tilde{\alpha}^{\nu}_{n}\} = \{p^{\mu}, \tilde{\alpha}^{\nu}_{n}\} = 0 = \{x^{\mu}, \alpha^{\nu}_{n}\} = \{p^{\mu}, \alpha^{\nu}_{n}\} .$$
<sup>(7)</sup>

Hint: Start by expressing  $\alpha_m^{\mu}$  and  $\tilde{\alpha}_m^{\mu}$  as linear combinations of  $X^{\mu}(\sigma, \tau)$  and  $P^{\mu}(\sigma', \tau)$  with  $\tau$  fixed.

You will also need the Fourier expansion of the Dirac delta function on the interval  $[0,\pi]$ 

$$\delta(\sigma - \sigma') = \frac{1}{\pi} \sum_{n = -\infty}^{\infty} e^{2in(\sigma - \sigma')} .$$
(8)

## 2 The Classical Virasoro Algebra

Consider the Polyakov action  $S_P$  given in Exercise sheet 1. The energy-momentum tensor of the worldsheet theory is given by

$$T_{\alpha\beta} = -\frac{2}{T\sqrt{-h}}\frac{\delta S_P}{\delta h^{\alpha\beta}} = 0 , \qquad (9)$$

where the second equality comes from the fact that the energy-momentum tensor vanishes in 2d.

(a) Show that in light-cone coordinates  $(\sigma_{\pm} = \tau \pm \sigma)$  the components of the energy-momentum tensor are

$$T_{++} = \partial_+ X^\mu \partial_+ X_\mu = 0 , \qquad (10)$$

$$T_{--} = \partial_- X^\mu \partial_- X_\mu = 0 , \qquad (11)$$

$$T_{+-} = T_{-+} = 0 , \qquad (12)$$

where (12) means that these components vanish identically due to tracelessness of the energymomentum tensor.

(1 Point)

(b) Using the mode expansions for closed strings<sup>1</sup> – equations (1) and (2) –, show that the mode expansions for the energy-momentum tensor are given by (1 Point)

$$T_{--} = 2l_s^2 \sum_{m=-\infty}^{\infty} L_m e^{-2im(\tau-\sigma)} , \quad T_{++} = 2l_s^2 \sum_{m=-\infty}^{\infty} \tilde{L}_m e^{-2im(\tau+\sigma)} , \qquad (13)$$

where the Fourier coefficients are the Virasoro generators

$$L_m = \frac{1}{2} \sum_{n=-\infty}^{\infty} \alpha_{m-n} \cdot \alpha_n, \quad \tilde{L}_m = \frac{1}{2} \sum_{n=-\infty}^{\infty} \tilde{\alpha}_{m-n} \cdot \tilde{\alpha}_n, \tag{14}$$

(c) Show that the Virasoro generators satisfy the following algebra, called *classical Virasoro algebra*, (0.5 Point)

$$\{L_n, L_m\} = i(n-m)L_{n+m} .$$
(15)

The classical Virasoro algebra also appears due to the fact that the fixing of the worldsheet metric to

$$h_{\alpha\beta} = \begin{pmatrix} -1 & 0\\ 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix} \tag{16}$$

does not fix the diffeomorphism symmetry completely, but allows for reparametrizations of the light-cone coordinates, i.e.

$$\sigma_+ \to \sigma'_+(\sigma_+) , \quad \sigma_- \to \sigma'_-(\sigma_-) .$$
 (17)

To see this you should follow the procedure below.

(d) Show that  $S_P$  is invariant under<sup>2</sup>

$$\delta X^{\mu} = a_n e^{2in\sigma_-} \partial_- X^{\mu} , \qquad (18)$$

and that this gives rise to the corresponding conserved current (1 Point)

$$j = e^{2in\sigma_{-}}\partial_{-}X^{\mu}\partial_{-}X_{\mu} .$$
<sup>(19)</sup>

(e) Finally, show that the corresponding conserved charge

$$Q_n = \int d\sigma j \tag{20}$$

(0.5 Point)

is proportional to the Virasoro generator  $L_n$ .

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> One can get the result for the case of open strings using the same procedure adopted here.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Note that this is only part of the symmetry, i.e., the action is also invariant under  $\delta X^{\mu} = a_n e^{2in\sigma_+} \partial_+ X^{\mu}$ .