

String Theory

Winter Term 2008/2009

Problem Sheet 2

Discussion: October 29, 14:00 in Hörsaal 118, AVZ

1. Energy-momentum tensor

The action for a field theory is given by the integral of the Lagrangean, $S = \int d^4x \sqrt{-g} \mathcal{L}$. For a real scalar field the action is

$$S_\phi = \int d^4x \sqrt{-g} \left(-\frac{1}{2} \partial_\mu \phi \partial^\mu \phi - \frac{1}{2} m^2 \phi^2 \right),$$

while for an electromagnetic field with field A_μ with field strength $F_{\mu\nu}$ it is

$$S_{\text{em}} = \int d^4x \sqrt{-g} \left(-\frac{1}{4} F_{\mu\nu} F^{\mu\nu} \right).$$

(a) Calculate the energy-momentum tensors using the “general relativity prescription”

$$T_{\mu\nu} = \frac{2}{\sqrt{-g}} \frac{\delta S}{\delta g^{\mu\nu}}.$$

(b) For a flat spacetime, i.e. $g_{\mu\nu} = \eta_{\mu\nu}$, the action is invariant under infinitesimal translations $x^\mu \rightarrow x^\mu + a^\mu$. This symmetry entails a conserved Noether current (the “canonical” energy-momentum tensor),

$$T_{\mu\nu}^{\text{can}} = -\eta_{\mu\rho} \frac{\partial \mathcal{L}}{\partial (\partial_\rho \phi)} \partial_\nu \phi + \eta_{\mu\nu} \mathcal{L}.$$

Determine this tensor for both actions! Show that

- i. $T_{\mu\nu}$ and $T_{\mu\nu}^{\text{can}}$ coincide for the scalar field, but
- ii. they don't for the electromagnetic field. Show that the mismatch is a total derivative, i.e. that $T_{\mu\nu} = T_{\mu\nu}^{\text{kan}} + \partial_\rho (\dots)^\rho_{\mu\nu}$.

2. Consider a field theory with some fields ϕ_i coupled to a metric $g_{\mu\nu}$. Let the action $S[g_{\mu\nu}, \phi_i]$ be invariant under arbitrary rescalings of the metric, $g_{\mu\nu} \rightarrow \lambda^2(x) g_{\mu\nu}$, where $\lambda \neq 0$. The fields ϕ_i may transform in an arbitrary way under this rescaling.

Show that the energy-momentum tensor

$$T_{\mu\nu} = \frac{2}{\sqrt{g}} \frac{\delta}{\delta g^{\mu\nu}} S[g_{\mu\nu}, \phi_i]$$

is traceless!

3. Show that the induced metric on the worldvolume of any p -brane is

$$G_{ab} = \partial_a x^\mu \partial_b x^\nu g_{\mu\nu},$$

where $g_{\mu\nu}$ is the spacetime metric and the worldvolume is parametrised by some coordinates σ^a , $a = 0, \dots, p$!

4. Check that the Nambu–Goto and Polyakov actions are invariant under reparametrisations $\sigma^a \rightarrow \sigma^{a'}(\sigma)$!
5. Show that in two dimensions, the Riemann tensor is completely determined by the Ricci scalar (by using the symmetries of the Riemann tensor)! Derive the explicit relation!